us there, as disclosed in the secret records of recent years, has not been to promote peace, for that was stable and secure, not to promote good will; for that was overflowing. The chief duty, in fact, of the Ambassador has been to raise himself to the demands of a British welcome and a British hospitality, which give a new meaning to the words

and impose a new definition on the labors of diplomacy.

\*Now if the Society of Pilgrims finds one of its tasks happily accomplished, if it no longer needs to exert itself in bringing about good will in either branch of the English speaking people, it still has left a great work. This good will will reach down to deeper foundations and its wider growth and absolute permanence will be assured if you can increase the intercourse between us and bring about a more intimate knowledge of each other. These are the only guaranties of perpetual peace we

"In this view and indeed for all reasons it is a great pleasure that Lord Roberts is going to America. This is now a vital opportunity, and it is the duty of the Pilgrims to promote intercourse and better knowledge of each other and cooperation in good causes. The old, unhappy, far off for friction have long since disappeared. Give us now the widest possible personal acquaintance. Give us visits of friendship,

visits of trade, study, observation and sport. "Give us more intimate and constant personal correspondence, and I may add without indiscretion, give us facilities for the transmission of our correspondence somewhat less archaic than the two countries now provide, more clearly up to the demands of the wide awake twentieth century Anglo-Saxon of either hemisphere. Give us in all directions greater personal familiarity with each other's country and people and easier and more rapid means for personal exchanges.

"After all this talk about the beneficent effects of intercourse and international cooperation in causes of common interest I close by saying that whatever brings the Church and philanthropy of the two countries together will clasp the whole English speaking family, in whatever continents or islands scattered, in a single bond, the strongest that ever held them or ever will, a bond of historic reverence of race, for conscience and duty."

Sir George Wood; Gen. Woodford, Sir Conan Doyle and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman also spoke.

BAR AUTOS FROM HYDE PARK. When Society Rides the Noisy Machines Are Not Admitted

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. London, June 28 .- An order has been issued prohibiting motors in Hyde Park between the hours of 4 and 7 P. M., as they disturb society, which at those fashionable hours is wont to appear there. In consequence of the presence of the motors mar-society people had abandoned the ... of their horses in the park.

The owners of electric broughams are especially aggrieved by the order; as their speed has always been moderate.

ITALY'S UTOPIAN SCHEME. Wants European Conference to Settle All

Existing Disputes. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN June 23.-The Italian Government has decided to propose to the Powers the summoning of a European conference, to discuss not only the Moroocan but all questions that require solu-

King Accepts New Spanish Cabinet.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. MADRID, June 23 .- King Alfonso has approved the new Cabinet formed by Monro Rios, which is as follows: Premier, Montero Rios; Interior, Garcia Prieto; Foreign Affairs, Sanchez Roman; Finance, Señor Urzaiz; Justice, Gonzales de la Pena; Public Instruction, Senor Mellado; War, Gen. Weyler: Marine. Señor Villanueva; Public Works, Senor Romenones.

AFTER M'CARREN AGAIN. Senator's Plan for the Disposal of Patronage Causes a Hot Row.

The scheme of Senator McCarren for an equal division of the election patronage between the leaders in the various Assembly districts in Brooklyn who are hostile to his leadership and his representatives in these districts has been rejected by the former, and apparently there is to be no let-up in the factional rumpus. Four Assembly districts are affected, the Second, Seventh, Eleventh and Twelfth, whose executive committeemen respectively are Judge J. J. Walsh, Deputy Fire Commissioner William A. Doyle, Water Commissioner Thomas R. Farrell and Register M. E. Dooley.

In two successive bitter primary contests Senator McCarren has been unable to dislodge any of them. All of them put up a vigorous kick when McCarren announced that, contrary to the usage in the organization, he, as chairman of the executive committee, intended to ignore their lists of election district inspectors and approve of those submitted by his friends in the respective Assembly disdistricts, thus giving the patronage to a minority faction. When retaliation was threatened by turning out the McCarrenites holding jobs in the Register's office, the proposition to split up the patronage in equal proportions in the warring camps

was suggested as a compromise.

In some quarters the right of Senator McCarren to reject the list of an executive committeeman is disputed and it is pos-sible the question may be submitted to

FOUND GUILTY; READY TO DIE.

Bohemian Convicted of Murder Says He's Willing to Go to the Chair. Edward Pekarz, a Bohemian, was convicted of murder in the first degree before Judge Foster in General Sessions yesterday. Pekarz has been in this country only since January and doesn't speak English.

When the jury found him guilty he smiled. "I'm ready to go to the chair," he said through an interpreter.

Pekarz, who is a harnessmaker, killed Mrs. Sarah Rosenberg, with whom he defense ed at 332 East 101st street. His defense was alcholic dementia. He testified that the defense drinking and went home. He Mrs. Sarah Rosenberg, with whom he boardhe had been drinking and went home. He struck Mrs. Rosenberg over the head sev-eral times with a hammer, then draggged her to a bed and, discovering that she

her to a bed and, discovering that she was not dead, went to the kitchen, got a knife and slashed her throat. Mrs. Rosenberg had all her money in a bag around her neck.

"I saw the bag," said Pekarz, "and knowing that she was dead, I didn't think that she would want the money any more."

When Pekarz was arrested he wanted to plead guilty to murder in the first degree, but Judge Cowing decided that he would have to stand trial. have to stand trial.

RUSSIA WILLING TO END WAR.

JAPAN NOW BLOCKS PRESIDENT'S PLAN FOR ARMISTICE.

Insists That Peace Envoys Meet Before Orders Are Sent to Stop Fighting -Roosevelt Urges Belligerents to Hurry the Naming of Pienipotentiaries.

Special Cable Desputch to THE SUN orrespondent of the Echo de Paris says that Russia will ask President Roosevelt says he is assured that the Czar has commanded Foreign Minister Lamsdorff to write to Ambassador Meyer to this effect.

WASHINGTON, June 23 .- Reluctantly the Administration has reached the conclusion that hope of an armistice between Russia and Japan before the assembling of peace plenipotentiaries in Washington must be abandoned. In view of this conclusion, new representations have been made by President Roosevelt to both belligerents with a view to having them decide quickly upon the earliest practicable date for the initial session of the peace conferees.

Some difficulty in securing an early response from Russia to these representations being encountered through the fact, of which this Government has been notified, that Count Lamsdorff, the Russian Minister times when meetings were the opportunity | for Foreign Affairs, is ill and unable for the present to give his personal attention to the matter. It is not known here or believed that Count Lamsdorff's indisposition is of a serious nature, and it is expected that he will be ready in a few days to take up with the Czar and his ministerial colleagues the question of an early meeting.

The Japanese Government, even if it were not opposed to an agreement to cease fighting at this time, regards its position as such that it feels that the war must go on until the peace plenipotentiaries meet in Washington and draw up an agreement to suspend hostile operations pending the negotiations of peace and comity. The Japanese Government has been led to adopt this course through the fact that Russia's acceptance of the President's appeal for peace was not entirely frank in that it left a loophole through which Russia might withdraw from the Washington conference if the terms proposed by Japan were regarded at St. Petersburg as entirely

The Administration here realizes how thoroughly convinced the Japanese are of the justice of this position, and it is satisfied that even if Russia comes forward with a favorable response to the intimation conveyed to her that the American Government would like to see an armistice arranged, Japan would not meet Russia

Mr. Takahira, the Japanese Minister, got back to Washington from his New England trip this evening and found awaiting him at the legation a request from the President that he come to the White House at his earliest convenience. Mr. Takahira promptly complied with the President's desire, and they were in conference for some has been While it is said that infornope that Russia received encouraging sider the question of will be willing fmistice before the peace arranginationies meet there is reason to pelieve that the President's purpose in sending for the Japanese Minister was to emphasize the view of the Washington TWENTY-SECOND HOME TO-DAY Government that the earliest possible date should be fixed for the meeting of the envoys of Russia and Japan. Both belligerent Governments have indicated that an early date in August for the initial session of the plenipotentiaries could be conveniently arranged and there appears to be every prospect that the President's efforts to have the conference begin by that time

will be successful. It became known to-day that Count Cassini, the Russian Ambassador, had an interview yesterday with Secretary Hay of peace Mr. Hay put forward the argument that it was detrimental to the interests of Russia and Japan to carry on hostilities when an amicable settlement seemed assured, and expressed for the American Government the opinion that further bloodshed was contrary to the principles of hu-

manity. The knowledge that has come to Washington, however, of the positions held by the Japanese and the Russian Governments with respect to an armistice offers no hope that the representations made by Mr. Hay to the Russian Ambassador, and which the President doubtless made to-night to the Japanese Minister, will have any effect at St. Petersburg or Tokio.

The President had an interview to-day with the French Ambassador and was in conference to-night with Secretary Taft and Attorney-General Moody.

NINE HOUR BATTLE. Bussians Contest Control of the Kalyuan-Kirin Road.

Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. Tokio, June 23.-An official report from Japanese headquarters in the field to-day shows the incorrectness of the reports from London that Gen. Linievitch had abandoned his first line of defenses. Evidently what has taken place is that Linievitch has called in his extreme right from the Mongolian border and is concentrating in the vicinity

of the railway at Fenghwa. On Monday, Field Marshal Oyama reports, the Russians pressed back the Japanese columns which occupied Lienhuachih. close to the Russian first line. Now the real struggle is apparently for the control

of the Kaiyuan-Kirin road. On Wednesday morning, 1,000 Russians, driving in the Japanese scouts in the district between the road and the Cheoyang range, were in turn driven back, sustaining heavy losses. The principal engage-ment following this operation took place further west, among the hills along the road. The fighting continued for nine hours. The Russians employed three battalions of infantry, four squadrons of cavalry ten field guns and two machine guns. They pushed forward, evidently penetrating even

as far as a point southeast of Changtu Field Marshal Ovama says that in the middle of the afternoon the Japanese assumed the offensive and completely repulsed the enemy by 8 o'clock in the evening.

The Asahi says that the railway bridges spanning the rivers north of Tieling have

> Scratch it on Your Slate with a Nail.

Coffee does injure many people There's but one way out. Quit

POSTUM

"There's a Reason."

Russians completely destroyed them during the retreat after the battle of Mukden, thus preventing for a long time any decided Japanese advance.

TO REBUILD RUSSIA'S NAVY. Czar Appoints Special Commission-No

American Control of Shipyards. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. St. Petersburg, June 23.-The Admiralty announces that the Emperor has appointed commission on naval construction, to which will be entrusted all building proposals. It will soon begin work. It includes Admiral Tchouknine, commander to obtain an armistice. The correspondent of the Black Sea fleet; Admiral Dubassoff and Admiral Avellan, formerly Minister of Marine. The Admiralty states that all reports of arrangements with foreign companies for the rebuilding of the navy are unfounded.

According to the Novoe Vremya, the rumors of the transfer of local shipbuilding yards to steel or shipbuilding trusts emanate from Charles M. Schwab, who, when he was in St. Petersburg recently, made a proposal with regard to such transfer which the Admiralty did not accept or even take into consideration.

RUSSIAN WOUNDED MAY GO. Given for Them to Leave

Manila on Parole. WASHINGTON, June 23.-Acting on a request from Rear Admiral Enquist, commanding the squadron composed of the Russian cruisers Aurora, Oleg and Zemtchug, which found refuge in the harbor at Manila after the naval engagement in the Tsushima Straits, Secretary Taft to-day sent instructions to Gov. Wright of the Philippines that the Russian Admiral might be allowed to embark his sick and vounded officers and men on a Russian hospital ship, which is on its way from Shanghai to Manila. The officers and sailors who are to be taken away on the hospital ship first will be required to give their paroles not to engage in hostilities during the war. The Japanese Government will be informed of the orders of Secretary Taft. and it is not expected that there will be

any objection f.om Tokio. A request was made also that the Russians be allowed to bring material for repairing ! their damaged ships from Shanghai. Secretary Taft's orders say that this will be permitted, but that the ships may not be repaired in such a way as to put them in fighting condition.

The text of Secretary Taft's cable to Gov. Wright is as follows:

"You may allow Russian Admiral to embark his sick and wounded officers and men on Russian hospital ship, daily expected, upon their giving parole not to engage in hostilities during the war. You may also allow them to bring from Shanghai material for repairing vessels other than munitions of war, such as cordage, sail cloth, -els and oils for machinery, &c., but " are still to remain in interportered Home.

Russian Semie Despatch to THE SUN.

. ETERSBURG. June 23. - As a result of the British protest against the sinking of British merchant vessels by Russian warships it has been arranged that British warships shall convey orders to the Russian cruisers Dnieper and Rion to cease meddling with shipping and to return home imme-

Bridge Building Work at Camp Over-Cheers for the Regulars.

PEERSKILL, June 23 .- After a week's hard and conscientious work at various military engineering constructions the Twenty-second Regiment had an opportunity this morning to see an engineering job as it is done in the United States Army. The detachment of eighty-seven men of the Army Engineer Corps from West Point, under the command of Major Patrick and Lieuts. McDonough and Hunt of the Regular army, threw out a pontoon bridge course of a long discussion of the subject | 200 feet long and had it all ready for use in just thirty-five minutes after the first command was given.

The entire Twenty-second Regiment, with Col. Bartlett and all the other officers. was assembled down by the waterside while the Regulars, working like lightning, but with clocklike precision, were doing this task, and when it was so brilliantly done and the last plank was down the endone and the last plank was down the entire regiment broke out spontaneously into long and enthusiastic cheers. The West Pointers, both officers and men, are heartily liked by the men of the Twenty-second, and when they part to-morrow it will be like the parting of old friends.

During the afternoon to-day a detachment of the Twenty-second was engaged in helping the West Pointers tuild their pontoons and other engineering paraphernalia into a raft, which will be towed up to West Point to-morrow afternoon.

This practically ended the Twenty-second's week's work at the camp. There

was dress parade and guard mount this evening, and bright and early to-morrow morning the regiment will legin pulling up its tents. Col. Bartlett thinks that the or 1 o'clock to-morrow afternoon

FILTRATION FRAUDS EXPOSED. Ex-Chief Hill Is Rearrested-Padded Accounts Were Approved

PHILADELPHIA, June 23 .- John W. Hill, ex-Chief of the Bureau of Filtration, was arrested this morning on a second charge of forgery and falsification of records in the great filtration contracts.

He had a hearing immediately, and was held, after a stiff examination by ex-Judge James Gay Gordon, in \$2,000 additional bail, making his bonds \$10,000 in all. It was testified that frauds to the extent of \$40,000 had been committed with the knowledge of Hill. An estimate of \$45 had been raised to \$41,000.

Henry H. Garrett, an assistant in the department, testified that in making up the estimates in the field sheet he had dethe estimates in the field sheet he had de-tected evidences of padding in the ex-cavation account. He had started to investigate and was threatened. He went to Chief Hill's house and laid the whole case before him. Subsequently Hill ap-proved the estimates with the padded figures, he said

proved the estimates with the padded figures, he said.

Judge Gordon charged that many papers and records are missing from the Bureau of Filtration. Several times, manswer to demands of opposing counsel that certain documents be produced, he asserted that within the last few weeks the records of the Filtration Bureau had been tampered with

with.

In organization circles the statement is being boldly made that the leaders are now ready to strike back and that if any "big men" are touched Mayor Weaver himself will be arrested and taken before a Magistrate on a criminal charge. Just what the charge is none will tell, but there is a general impression that the Christmas presents the Mayor accepted from Durham and the McNichols will figure in the

A New D. A. D. A.

Michael H. Cardozo, Jr., was appointed Deputy Assistant District Attorney by District Attorney Jerome resterday. He was sworn in by Recorder Goff. He is a graduate of Columbia and the law school of the university. For some time he has been an assistant to Assistant District At-

torney Garvan. SUMMER COLDS. Laxative Bromo Quinine, the world wide Cold Cure, removes the cause. Call for the full name and look for signature of E. W. Grove. 250.-245. JEROMTS ON EQUITABLE.

ed from First Page.

powers o ourt and the Supreme Court.

"I belir, that this should be done," Criminal h continue Jerome. "It may well be that it w impose an inordinate burden that it w impose an inordinate burden on your, although I know that what-ever bur might impose in the discharge of public your Honor will be glad to bear. Y be that it will impose duties upon y.id it may be that it will not; I am n this time sufficiently apprised of the to be able to say. TENY MUST BE VOLUMINOUS.

The to be able to the testimony taken be voluminous. The report itself is a pd report extending over some pages fore taking any action in a matter of the d, especially where such large pecun interests are involved, not of a few iduals, but interests affecting some nundred thousand persons, scattered the face of the earth, it is highly important the District Attorney should make mistake, that he should move cautis, and thould not move until he is fulpprised of the facts.

"It lake some time, I am satisfied to kr whether I shall need the services of the Ct, but if the Court should adjourn it we then be impossible to obtain them in the total page 1.

"Course you are aware that my va-caticbegins at the end of this term," saide Recorder with a smile.
"In sorry that it is so," replied Mr.

Jerce.

"I I recognize the importance of the mat you have called to my attention," saide Recorder, "and the urgency which mig possiby arise under the circumstaes. The question of personal inconvernce must not militate against the pulc interests, and I therefore grant your mcon." POLICYIOLDERS TO ASK WARRANTS.

man familiar with the Equitable situaman raminar with the Equitable situa-tia is aumority for the statement that a gaup of rolicyholders have retained a well kown caminal lawyer in this city to over-bul the Hendricks report and the evidence you which it was based with a view to ob-sining requires for appearing before a Popon which it was based with a view to ob-aining grounds for appearing before a Po-ice Magistrate and asking for warrants for the arisst of some of the Equitable grafters. Whether this plan will be continued now that District Attorney Jerome has decided to make a thorough investigation was not

Attorney-General Mayer spent a busy day yesterday at his offices at 27 William street, going over evidence in the Equitable scandal and making preparations for the suits which he has announced he will bring against the officers and directors of the society to the officers and directors of compel them to make restitution of oust them from the society and to fee an accounting of moneys wastede statement.

Mr. Mayer supplementary night by saw which he made on Thiso to go thoroughly ing that he inter a the ownership and the into the questionation of the surplus and into the questibution of the surplus and equitable or to settle the matter once and

'He said also that he did not wish to have it understood that he had named District Attorney Jerome as the only person having power to originate a criminal prosecution of the Equitable officers and directors. The Attorney-General, he said, had that power, but it was, he declared, an old custom in this State that the District Attorney of the county should have the first opportunity. If the District Attorney's office failed to take action the Attorney-General would step in. MAYER WILLING TO BACK JEROME.

Mr. Mayer would express no opinion as Mr. Mayer would express no opinion as to the probability of criminal prosecutions, but he was, he said, willing to pledge Mr. Jerome the support of his office.

The bringing of the suits against the directors to force them to disgorge and retire would, it was announced, be a matter of only a few days now. "Just as soon as it is physically possible," was the way the Attorney-General put it.

Attorney-General put it.

He has not decided yet whether the suits will be brought in this county or in Albany, nor is he ready to announce definitely the names of all the men who will be the targets

EARLY SUIT AGAINST HYDE. He did announce definitely yesterday, though, that he would bring suit against Hyde without delay to establish the society's Hyde without delay to establish the society's ownership of the \$63,000 which Hyde re-

ownership of the \$63,000 which Hyde refunded to the society as profits on underwriting transactions. This means that suits will also be filed at once against all the other members of the "James H. Hyde and Associates" syndicates named in the Hendricks report. James W. Alexander, George H. Squire, William H. McIntyre, H. C. Deming, Valentine P. Snyder, Alvin W. Krech and Louis Fitzgerald.

It was said yesterday that the Attorney-General in his suits for an accounting would undoubtedly strike among others Senator Chauncey M. Depew, who has drawn a salary of \$20,000 a year for several years, and probably David B. Hill, who also has received a retainer from the society. Mr. Mayer, it was said, also had Jacob H. Schiff marked and would bring a suit against him to compel him to turn back to the policy-bolders his share of the profits made by holders his share of the profits made by the firm of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. in its sale of bonds to the Equitable.

THE "JUG HANDLE" LEASES. One of the things in which the Attorney-General was particularly interested yesterday was the "jug handle" leases which the Henry E. Hyde safe deposit companies made with the Equitable, and some of which are still in effect. Mr. Mayer is investigating to see whether it isn't possible to have these leases cancelled and actions brought for the recovery of the moneys which have been lent to the policyholders in this graft. in this graft.

One lawyer prominent in the Equitable muddle said that the courts have held that muddle said that the courts have held that the officers of a corporation have no right to make leases with themselves as officers or controlling stockholders of another corporation, and he thought it possible that the leases might be cancelled. As set forth in Supt. Hendricks's report, one of these leases has ninety-six years to run. Mr. Mayer refused to express any definite

opinion on the matter.

Soon after the Attorney-General reached Soon after the Attorney-General reached his office yesterday morning he was visited by Samuel Untermyer, Mr. Hyde's chief counsel, and Edward Lauterbach, representing Mr. Alexander. Mr. Untermyer presented to the Attorney-General a letter written by himself, in which he says that Mr. Hyde is most anxious for an immediate determination of the question of the ownership of the syndicate profits, and that he, Mr. Untermyer, is willing to accept service of papers in a suit by the Attorney-General of papers in a suit by the Attorney-General and to do everything in his power to expedit-

The letter also says that Mr. Hyde regards the criticisms in the Superintendent's re-port as most unjust and based on a total misapprehension of the law and facts. HYDE ADVISED THE MONEY'S HIS.

After telling how Mr. Hyde had deposited the \$63,000 check with the cashier of the society, Mr. Untermyer's letter says:
"At the time of the deposit of this check, which was before my connection with Mr. Hyde's affairs, he had been advised by emigant counsel and this advise has

by eminent counsel, and this advice has since been repeated, that the society has no just claim upon this money and that Mr. Hyde is morally and legally entitled to its return "Some time ago Mr. Hyde announced his intention of instituting a friendly suit

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are unequalled in quality and beauty of design. In buying Coffee Sets, Dishes, Trays, etc., ask for the goods of MERIDEN BRITA CO.

against the society and against Mr. Murray, as the custodian of the fund, to determine the ownership of this money, and I was instructed some weeks ago to begin such

a suit.

"You are reported in this morning's newspapers as contemplating suit for the recovery, among other things, of these moneys, if on further examination of the report of the Superintendent of Insurance you find that any cause of action exists. Inasmuch as any such action by the Attorney General would be entitled to preference, and it could these ferry by more speedily General would be entitled to preference, and it could therefore be more speedily tried, we would very much prefer, if agreeable to you, that this course be taken, as Mr. Hyde is most anxious for an immediate determination of the question of the ownership of this fund, and if he is right, as he believes himself to be, to relieve himself by the judgment of the courts from the criticisms that have been leveled against him in the report of the Superintendent, which he regards as most unjust and as based upon a total misapprehension of the law and facts.

"We are prepared on tehalf of Mr. Hyde

"We are prepared on tehalf of Mr. Hyde to accept service of papers in any such suit contemplated by you, to waive all technical questions as to time of pleading, &c., to expedite ah immediate determination upon the merits of the case, and to facilitate you in every way as a public facilitate you in every way as a public official in the judicial settlement of the

The Attorney-General, in reply, said he would avail himself of the offer to expedite an immediate determination in the matter and would take the necessary steps as soon as possible.

as possible.

President Alexander will probably make a similar request of the Attorney-General to-day as regards the checks, amounting to about \$40,000, which he turned into the to about \$40,000, which he turned into the society's treasury as syndicate profits. Chairman Morton of the Equitable's hoard of directors has received the resignation of another one of Mr. Hyde's secretaries carried on the Equitable payrolls. The name of this one was Gofflet and he was engaged on work for the Alliance Franceise.

THE ELDER HYDE'S TOLL ON PREMIUMS. It was said yesterday that Supt. Hadricks will now be called upon to inveigate other transactions in which Henrie Hyde was engaged during his managinent of the Equitable. He would be asked, it was said, to determine what trun there is in the report that the elder tyde for it was said, to determine what tryde for is in the report that the elder tyde for is in the report that the elder tyde for several years received 1 per conditions of the several years received 1 per conditions of the premiums paid into the society of a large account and that the paymer, of a large account and that the paymer of a large authority and the tother Hyde estate by the following the reliquishtime of Mr. Hyde's death from an accovered on the society's books a corresponding on the society's real increase in the values.

In this connection, was reported yestering that Mrs. Hyde among those called B. Hyde, might be among those called B. Hyde, might be demand the endricks counting. According to the Hendricks counting. According to the Hendricks report she had a pension of \$25,000 a lear for ax years from the society.

August relimont yesterday made public the letter which he had sent to Grover Cleveland placing his resignation as a director in Mr. Cleveland's hands to be acted upon at his discretion. Here it is:

My DEAE SIE: I have been a policyholder.

My DEAR SIR: I have been a policyholder of the Equitable Life Assurance Society since 1887. I was elected a director in 1892, and have served ever since, and from the year 1892 to 1895 I served on the finance committee. My election, however, although qualified for directorship as a policyholder, was effected by the majority holding of the stock of the company.

stock of the company.

Inasmuch as this particular amount of stock has now passed into a trust, of which you are to act as trustee, with a full understanding that you will have complete and unquestioned exercise of your judkment in the selection of the directors, I place my resignation in your hands, to use when and in what manner you may see fit. Believe me, yours very truly,

AUGUST BELMONT.

This letter was sent to Princeton on June
4. Mr. Belmont said yesterday
"I have not been notified that any action has been taken on my resignation or letter and have not even received an acknowledgment of the letter from Mr. Cleveland."
Chairman Morton will return from Washington to-day and resume his duties at the Equitable Building

POLICYHOLDERS TO HAVE REAL VOICE. Particular attention was called yester-day to one of the real purposes of the deed of trust which has just been executed. Under this deed the three trustees, Messrs. Cleveland, O'Brien and Westinghouse, men of national importance and unquestioned integrity, call upon the policyholders of the society for nominations for directors. and these directors are to elect the officers

of the society.

The new officers to be elected under this plan have no right to take proxies from pain have no right to take proxies from policyholders and cannot hold any proxies, as there will be none. The acts of the newly elected officers, there-fore, will be under the scrutiny and direc-tion of a really independent board of directors; and it was added that those who will study this new situation must agree that the reorganized Equitable is to be a mutual life assurance society in the fullest sense of the word

MORTON REASSURES GERMANS. Sends Message to Equitable Polleyholders

at Berlin. Special Cable Despatch to THE SUN. BERLIN, June 23.-At a meeting to-day of sixty-three policyholders in the Equitable Life Assurance Society it was decided to form a committee of three policyholders and three members of the German Fire Insurance Union, which suggested the meeting. The German representative of the Equitable read to the meeting a telegram from Paul Morton, the new chairman of the company, couched in reassuring terms. The committee formed to-day will also

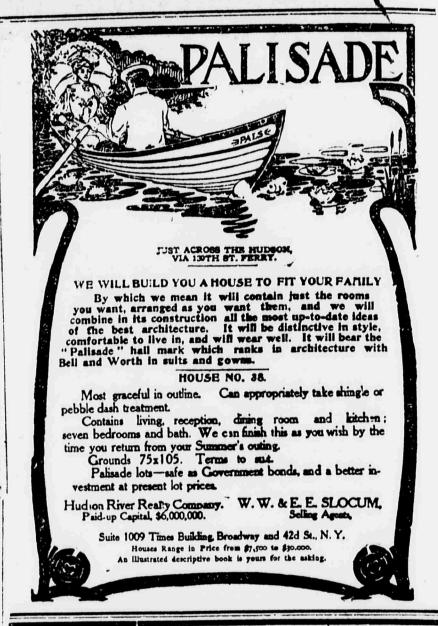
represent Austrian policyholders, at the latter's request. SENATOR BRACKETT'S REMEDY.

Set Forth in the Hendricks Report. ALBANY, June 23 .- Senator Edgar T. Brackett, who has taken an active part in the Equitable situation, says that, while he would remain in Albany at personal loss and discomfort if the extra session were to take up the insurance problem, he is willing to stay here until snow flies if it is decided that the evils set forth in the report of Supt. Hendricks can be remedied. Senator Brackett believes that the insurance situation needs more than the mere standardization of securities in which the insurance companies may invest. He believes that Section 56 of the Insurance

law, which prevents a policyholder beginning an action to require officers of an insurance company to make an accounting without the consent of the Attorney-General. should be repealed. He also favors legislation prohibiting the issue of tontine and all deferred dividend policies; requiring the issue of annual

dividends to policyholders; limiting surplus funds or providing that when they reach a certain amount premium shall be reduced; prohibiting industrial insurance or permitting it only when it is provided that lapses can occur only for grave causes; making the law against infant insurance as stringent as the statute against provider giving the Sucception of the murder; giving the Superintendent of In-surance the power to approve the amount of salaries paid to executive officers and prohibiting increases of salaries without his consent; providing that investment in other than standardized securities shall he a penal offense and making it a felony for a director or executive officer of an urance company to be interested in a financial enterprise in which the company invests

Diamond for Julius Harburger. The attach(s of the Sheriff's office will hold a dinner to-night in Shanley's Roman Court, at which Under Sheriff Julius Harburger will be the guest of honor. He will receive a diamond studded gold badge, in the center of which is a large solitaire diamond, suitable for a stud or ring. The necessary ring and stud will accompany the badge.



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FROM THE GRANITE HILLS

of New Hampshire comes.

## londonderry LITHIA WATER

Soft, light, and absolutely pure.

CITY CONDEMNS 3 INCH STRIP. Subway Remnant for Which Belmont. It's Said, Asked \$3.000.

In order to carry out the plans adopted some time ago for the widening of Canal street in The Bronx, the Board of Estimate decided yesterday to condemn a strip of land having a three inch base on East 138th street and running to an apex on Canal street at a distance of about 250 feet. The strip of land is part of property bought by August Belmont, president of the Interborough company, for the building of the subway, and which was le't over after provision for the subway had been made.

The little triangle stands in the way of giving a frontage on Canal street to a large parcel of property owned by Olin J Stephens, and he and other property owners of the neighborhood recently appealed to the city to take over the strip in order that the street might be straightened and Suggests Legislation to Cure the Evils that the value of the property back of the strip might not be lessened.

It is stated that August Belmont demanded \$3,000 for this little stretch of land which was only three inches wide at its broadest point. Apparently understanding that such a price was an arbitrary one the Board of Estimate passed a resolution yesterday ordering that the clothesline width of land be condemned. It is expected that under the condemnation award Mr. Be lmont will get much less than \$3,000.

> TIFFANY & CO. Diamond and Gem Merchants

Gold Cigar Protectors for Automobilists and Yachtsmen

A novel device to permit smoking while traveling at high speed

Union Square, New York

C. H. BROWN CO., CLEANSING TEL 1831-384 St. A

ORANGE, N. J., June 23 .- Fire this afternoon totally destroyed the stable on the estate of Amos C. Van Gaasbeek of the firm of Van Gaasbeek & Arkell, rug importers of New York, who lives in Centre street, Orange. The damage will probably foot up to about \$15,000. The building was a modern stable, built in the most costly fashion with apartments in one wing, where the coachmen, gardeners and other employees about the place lived with their families. The district is practically without fire protection, as the water pressure is to-

MARRIED.

tally inadequate.

ALDEN-WHITTELSEY.—At the residence of the bride, 367 Prospect at., New Haven, Cons-on Thursday, June 22, 1905, by the Rev New-man Smyth, Sarah Scovill Whittelsey, daughter of the late Joseph T. Whittelsey, to Percy Taibot Walden of New York city.

DIED. BECKWITH .- Suddenly, on Thursday. June 22,

el Corner Beckwith. Samuel Corner Beck Notice of funeral later. SENNETT.-Suddenly, on June 21, 1905, John R. Funeral services will be held at his late residence 38 West 53d st., at 10 o'clock A. M., Monday, June 26, 1905. Interment private. Please omit

BOYLE .- On Friday, June 23, 1905, Luke Boyle, husband of the late Ann Boyle and father of Andrew J., John F., Roger B. and Luke, Jr. Relatives and friends are respectfully invited to attend the funeral from his late residence. 102 Beacon av., Jersey City, on Tuesday, June 27, at 9 A. M., thence to St. Joseph's Churche where a solemn high mass of requiem will be

offered for the happy repose of his soul. FREEMAN .- At Garden City, L. I., on Thursday June 22, 1905, Beatrice Paulding, daughter of the late P. Kemble Paulding and wife of George Albree Freeman of New York.

Funeral services at St. Mary's Church in the
Highlands, Cold Springs-on-Hudson, Saturday. June 24, on arrival of train leaving Grand Central Station at 11:15 A. M.

LAIDLAW.—On Friday, June 23, Anna Turner Sites, wife of Dr. Alexander H. Laidlaw, in the 70th year of her age. at her late residence, 58 West 53d st. Interment private. Kindly omit flowers.

CEMETERIES. THE WOODLAWN CEMETERY is readily accessible by Harlem trains from Grand Central Station, Webster and Jerome Avenue trolleys and by carriage, Lots \$12, up. Tea phone (4875 Gramercy) for Book of Views or repre-

OFFICE. 20 EAST 23D ST., N. Y. CITY RELIGIOUS NOTICES.

FIFTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. REV. J. ROSS STEVENSON, D. D. the pastor, will preach. Strangers are cordially invited.

CHURCH OF THE MESSIAH (Unitarian, 3 in St., cor. Park Av.—Services 11 A. M. Rev. sev Savage of California will preach. Communica after services. Last Sunday before vacation Church will open last of September. Due notice will be given in papers.

EGLISE DU SAINT ESPRIT, 45 Est 27e rue Service religieux le dimanche a 10½h. du n st a Sh. du soir. Rev. A. Wittmeyer, Recteur